The Mississippi Valley Technology Teacher Education Conference

THE INDUCTION CEREMONY

Conference Chair Calls the session to order. When order is achieved, the chair briefly reminds the members of the process of nomination and the eligibility requirements that each of the *(insert number)* inductees have met and which have been recognized by the vote of the Conference.

Conference Chair:

Today we are pleased to recognize these *(insert number)* individuals by inducting them into membership in The Mississippi Valley Technology Teacher Education Conference. I will call an inductee's name and announce the sponsor's name who will then escort the inductee to a seat (pointing to the first seat at the Chair's right hand). I ask the sponsor to remain standing behind the seated person. (The Chair repeats the naming and seating process until all inductees are seated with each sponsor standing behind. When all are seated, he thanks the sponsors and asks them to return to their seats.) The chair then introduces the person who will conduct the induction.

The Inductor (speaking deliberately, ceremoniously):

Chair Daugherty, members, and guests. We are here to witness the installation of new members into The Mississippi Valley Technology Teacher Education Conference.

Initiates: I am pleased and proud to tell you that you have been elected to active membership in the Mississippi Valley Technology Teacher Education Conference and on behalf of the Chair and the members assembled here, I want to tell you more about the Conference and your obligations as a member. Our seventh Life Chair, Dr. Thomas Erekson, will present you with a copy of our membership regulations. It is important that you give careful attention to points that relate to membership in the Conference.

Our regulations are relatively brief and several key points will be of particular interest to you. For example: section IV. 7 of our governing statement concerns obligations to communicate. It reads, "Participation in the Conference shall be interpreted to include: Replying promptly to all Conference communications, both from Members and from the Conference Chair, notifying the Conference Chair promptly of inability to attend any annual meeting; notifying the Conference Chair promptly of inability to accept any program or committee assignment."

Items IV.3 and 5 relate to your active participation in the Conference. They state: "Active Members, (and) Active-at-Large Members...who fail to attend three consecutive annual meetings of the Conference (shall be automatically dropped from Active Membership) and will be moved to Former Active Membership." At her or his request, however, transfer can be made to Associate Membership.

The conference has a long, continuous and distinguished history of almost 90 years. Bennett (136, p. 502-503) reports that "The Manual Arts Conference grew out of a letter written by Dr. Robert W. Selvidge to Dr. Charles A. Bennett of Bradley Polytechnic Institute in 1908, expressing the opinion that there was a great need of an opportunity for the teachers and organizers of manual training to get together in close conference where they might exchange views on questions of vital importance and express all their heresies without being reported in educational papers." Bennett also explained that "The invitation to the first meeting stated

definitely that the conference was 'not called to form a permanent organization but merely to help in the solution of problems of great importance.[™] Several ideas from the early meetings remain as a foundation of our present-day conferences. Interestingly, the Conference is not included in the indices to Bennett's works on the history of the field.

The Conference's first meeting was held in 1909 from November 11th to the 13th at Bradley Polytechnic Institute.

In a few years since 1909 it was not possible to assemble. For example, meetings were originally scheduled to be held every other year following 1909. However, this was done only once before a yearly schedule was followed. Two meetings in 1923 made up for 1922, which had no meeting. Travel limitations imposed during World War II resulted in four years in the 1940's without meetings.

Early conferences were scheduled for three days -- Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, but now we deliberate at two day meetings.

Inviting visitors to the Conference follows an established pattern. This is one means by which we reach out to more professionals in our field. Our requirement for individuals to attend at least one meeting prior to the one during which they are accepted into active membership guarantees that new members are aware of our strengths and weakness. Interested friends of the Conference and graduate students have long been welcomed as visiting observers.

The first Conference was called by Dr. T. C. Burgess, Director of Bradley Polytechnic Institute, at the encouragement of Charles Bennett (then at Bradley), R.W. Selvidge of the University of Missouri, and William T. Bawden (then at State Normal University, Normal, Illinois). The 12 Charter Members represented:

- The Public Schools of Indianapolis, Indiana;
- State Normal College at Cedar Falls, Iowa;
- Illinois State Normal College, Normal, Illinois;
- Bradley Polytechnic Institute, Peoria, Illinois;
- State Teachers College, Macomb, Illinois;
- The Stout Institute, Menomonie, Wisconsin;
- The University of Illinois, Urbana, Illinois;
- Indiana State Normal College, Terre Haute, Indiana;
- Chicago Normal College, Chicago, Illinois;
- The University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois;
- The University of Missouri, Columbia, Missouri; and
- The Frances Parker School, Chicago, Illinois.

Charles Bennett served as the organizing Chairman for the first and second Conferences. At the third meeting, Bennett was elected Chairman and Bawden served as the Secretary. As the "Committee of the Conference" they made the arrangements and coordinated the sessions through the fourth meeting in 1913.

While we no longer have a Conference Secretary, we do have a Membership Committee and a Program Committee. We also create ad-hoc committees to study special issues, which may be brought before the Conference.

At the fifth Conference in 1914, the members voted to request the U.S. Commissioner of Education, Dr. P. P. Claxton, to take over the conduct of the Conference. Dr. Claxton designated W. T. Bawden to represent him and to take charge of arrangements. Bawden continued in this capacity until he left government service in 1923. At the 14th meeting, the

Conference elected Bawden Chairman and then re-elected him each year until he became known as the first Life Chairman.

The Conference's Life Chairs include:

•	William T. Bawden	1914-1931	(27 years)
•	Verne C. Fryklund	1941-1961	(20 years)
•	H. H. London	1961-1970	(9 years)
•	Rupert Evans	1970-1980	(11 years)
•	Daniel Householder	1980-1992	(11 years)

At the 1992 MVITEC, in Nashville, Tennessee, David Bjorkquist was elected our sixth Life Chair. During his four year term his visionary and unifying leadership set the Conference on a course to be responsive current and future opportunities. The Conference continues on this course under Thomas Erekson's leadership since his election as 7th Life Chair at our 1995 Conference in Chicago, Illinois.

There is much significance in the tradition of the Mississippi Valley Conference. The evolving changes in the name of the Conference illustrate this point. As you, may know, in 1909 the Conference was designated the Mississippi Valley Manual Arts Conference.

The change in the name from Mississippi Valley Manual Arts Conference to the "Industrial Arts Conference" came about suddenly, though the need for dropping the out-dated term of "Manual Arts" became more and more apparent over the years. It was not, however, until Kenneth Beach, who became a member in 1937 and continued to attend from his position at Cornell University, laid down an ultimatum "that he had taken his last visiting request to his dean to travel to an outmoded manual arts conference." The membership was thus influenced to set tradition aside, and, in 1948, changed the name of the Conference to the Mississippi Valley Industrial Arts Conference.

When Rupert Evans became our Life Chairman in 1970, he appointed a special committee headed by Ralph Wenrich of the University of Michigan to study our mission and report the need, if any, to change the name and scope of our Conference. After much debate at Conference sessions in 1971 and 72, the members voted to broaden the mission and change the name to the Mississippi Valley Industrial Teacher Education Conference. Similarly, approximately twenty years later a multi-year process was begun wherein the Conference received reports, debated and deliberated on its vision, mission and purpose and in 1996 changed the Conference's name to Mississippi Valley Technology Teacher Education Conference. Commenting on the change, Chair Erekson observed that the scope of the conference is as broad as is the usage of the term technology.

While the name of the Conference has changed, the Conference has been consistent in maintaining its unique approach. At the 25th anniversary meeting in 1934 Robert W. Selvidge illustrated this point when he reported that "We are frequently asked, 'What questions have the Conferences settled?" and then observed that such a question represented a mistaken notion of our objectives.

One of our traditions has been not to pass resolutions or attempt to settle problems. You are urged to "take what you can use and leave the rest behind." I will venture that the discussions during the first twenty-five years of the Conference's existence did more to settle problems than all of the resolutions passed by all of our related Associations concerned with industrial and technology education. There is evidence that throughout its history this Conference has done much for its members. For example:

- The seeds for much of the professional and technical literature through the years have been planted and nurtured at our Conference.
- Many concepts for articles have been road-tested at our sessions.
- The Conference provides opportunity for us to be subjected to a highly motivating experience during the examination and exchange of ideas that have in turn given direction to our work.
- Articles for refereed journals in our fields of interest are selected from presentations and thus receive worldwide dissemination. Presenters can place papers on the worldwide web to gain even wider exposure.
- Research for Conference presentations has frequently been reported at other Conferences and the results are often quoted in the literature.
- The two major publications of 1934 (Industrial Arts in Modern Education) and 1988 (Industrial Teacher Education in Transition) are also examples of our members' efforts.

You will be happy to know that in 1972 then Life Chair, Rupert Evans arranged to have the historical records of our Conference placed in the library of the University of Illinois. These records, which date from 1909 to the present, are now available to researchers investigating the work and influence of this Conference.

Thus, you can see that the dynamics of this Conference are reflected by its membership and the major issues, which confront this profession. So as you join us, I hope that you will "be an exporter of thinking that will motivate discussion and strong positions in respect to what needs to be done to bring about desired changes in the philosophy, goals, content, standards, and learning approaches to technology teacher education in the United States." I can assure you that, in turn, active members and our Chair will influence your thinking and leadership abilities through heated discussions and lively debates.

Life Chair, Dr. Michael Daugherty, and all members will now extend their congratulations on your having become an active member. We bid you welcome in the expectation that you will be a dynamic, productive and contributing member of our Conference.

Conference Chair

Makes comments necessary for the good of the order, invites all forward to congratulate the new members, and declares the session over.